X	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
National Curriculum	Links to the 2020 Development Matters: Personal, Social and Emotional Development Show resilience and perseverance in the face of a challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Physical Development Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: -sensible amounts of 'screen time'. Expressive Arts and Design Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.	National Curriculum. Pup understand what algorithi implemented as program. and that programs execut and unambiguous instruc debug simple programs of to predict the behaviour of	ns are; how they are s on digital devices; te by following precise tions create and use logical reasoning	that accomplish sp solve problems by and repetition in pr use logical reasoni	ecific goals, including decomposing them in ograms; work with va	ught to: design, write a controlling or simulating to smaller parts use se riables and various form ne simple algorithms wo s	g physical systems; quence, selection, is of input and output

Computer Science Hardware	 Learning how to operate a camera to take photographs of meaningful creations or moments Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to find out how it works Learning how to operate a camera Recognising that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools Learning what a keyboard is and how to locate relevant keys Learning what a mouse is and developing basic mouse skills such as moving and clicking 	 Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to find out how it works Understanding that computers and devices around us use inputs and outputs, identifying some of these Learning where keys are located on the keyboard Learning how to operate a camera 	 Understanding what a computer is and that it's made up of different components Recognising that buttons cause effects and that technology follows instructions Learning how we know that technology is doing what we want it to do via its output. Using greater control when taking photos with tablets or computers Developing confidence with the keyboard and the basics of touch typing 	 Understanding what the different components of a computer do and how they work together Drawing comparisons across different types of computers Learning what a server does 	• Learning about the purpose of routers	 Learning that external devices can be programmed by a separate computer Learning the difference between ROM and RAM Recognising how the size of RAM affects the processing of data Understanding the fetch, decode, execute cycle 	 Learning about the history of computers and how they have evolved over time Using the understanding of historic computers to design a computer of the future Understanding and identifying barcodes, QR codes and RFID Identifying devices and applications that can scan or read barcodes, QR codes and RFID Acknowledging that corruption can happen within data during transfer (for example when downloading, installing, copying and updating files)
Computer Science Networks and data representation				 Learning what a network is and its purpose Identifying the key components within a network, including whether they are 	 Consolidating understanding of the key components of a network Understanding that websites and videos are files 	 Learning the vocabulary associated with data: data and transmit Learning how the data for digital images can be 	• Understanding that computer networks provide multiple services

				 wired or wireless Recognising links between networks and the internet Learning how data is transferred 	that are shared from one computer to another • Learning about the role of packets • Understanding that computer networks provide multiple services, such as World Wide Web, and opportunities for communication and collaboration	compressed • Recognising that computers transfer data in binary and understanding simple binary addition • Relating binary signal (Boolean) to the simple character-based language, ASCII • Learning that messages can be sent by binary code, reading binary up to 8 characters and carrying out binary calculations • Understanding how bit patterns represent images as pixels	
Computer Science Computational thinking	• Using logical reasoning to read simple instructions and predict the outcome	 Learning that decomposition means breaking a problem down into smaller parts Using decomposition to solve unplugged challenges Using logical reasoning to predict 	 Articulating what decomposition is Decomposing a game to predict the algorithms used to create it Using decomposition to decompose a story 	 Using decomposition to explain the parts of a laptop computer Using decomposition to explore the code behind an animation 	 Solving unplugged problems by decomposing them into smaller parts Using decomposition to understand the purpose of a script of code Using 	 Decomposing animations into a series of images Decomposing a program without support Decomposing a story to be able to plan a program to 	 Decomposing a program into an algorithm Using past experiences to help solve new problems Writing increasingly complex algorithms

	 the behaviour of simple programs Developing the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities Learning that an algorithm is a set of step by step instructions used to carry out a task, in a specific order Follow a basic set of instructions Assembling instructions into a simple algorithm 	 into smaller parts Learning what abstraction is Learning that there are different levels of abstraction Explaining what an algorithm is Following an algorithm Creating a clear and precise algorithm Learning that computers use algorithms to make predictions Learning that programs execute by following precise instructions Incorporating loops within algorithms 	 Using repetition in programs Understanding that computers follow instructions Using an algorithm to explain the roles of different parts of a computer Using logical reasoning to explain how simple algorithms work Explaining the purpose of an algorithm Forming algorithms independently 	decomposition to help solve problems • Identifying patterns through unplugged activities • Using past experiences to help solve new problems • Using abstraction to identify the important parts when completing both plugged and unplugged activities • Creating algorithms for a specific purpose	tell a story Predicting how software will work based on previous experience Writing more complex algorithms for a purpose	for a purpose
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Computer Science Programming	 Following instructions as part of practical activities and games and learning to debug when things go wrong Learning to give simple instructions Learning that an algorithm is a set of instructions to carry out a task, in a specific order Experimenting with programming a Bee-bot/Blue bot and learning how to give simple commands Learning to debug instructions, with the help of an adult, when things go wrong 	 Programming a Bee-bot/Blue-bot to follow a planned route Learning to debug instructions when things go wrong Developing a how to video to explain how the Bee-bot/ Blue-bot works. Learning to debug an algorithm in an unplugged scenario 	 Using logical thinking to explore software, predicting, testing and explaining what it does Using an algorithm to write a basic computer program Learning what loops are Incorporating loops to make code more efficient 	 Using logical thinking to explore more complex software; predicting, testing and explaining what it does Incorporating loops to make code more efficient Remixing existing code Using a more systematic approach to debugging code, justifying what is wrong and how it can be corrected 	 Understanding that websites can be altered by exploring the code beneath the site Coding a simple game Using abstraction and pattern recognition to modify code Incorporating variables to make code more efficient 	 Programming an animation Iterating and developing their programming as they work Beginning to use nested loops (loops within loops) Debugging their own code Writing code to create a desired effect Using a range of programming commands Using repetition within a program Amending code within a live scenario 	 Debugging quickly and effectively to technology Digital literacy make a program more efficient Remixing existing code to explore a problem Using and adapting nested loops Programming using the language Python Changing a program to personalise it Evaluating code to understand its purpose Predicting code and adapting it to a chosen purpose Altering a website's code to create changes 	
National Curriculum		recognise common uses of information		National Curriculum. Pupils should be taught to: use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web				

 Using a basic range of tools within graphic editing software Taking and editing photographs Understanding how to create digital art using an online paint tool Developing control of the mouse through dragging, clicking and resizing of images to create different 	 Developing word processing skills, including altering text, copying and pasting and using keyboard shortcuts Using word processing software to type and reformat text Using software to create story animations Creating and labelling images 	 Taking photographs and recording video to tell a story Using software to edit and enhance their video adding music, sounds and text on screen with transitions 	 Building a web page and creating content for it Designing and creating a webpage for a given purpose Use Google online software for documents, presentations, forms and spreadsheets Work collaboratively 	 Using logical thinking to explore software more independently, making predictions based on their previous experience Using software programme Sonic Pi to create music Using the video editing software: to animate Identify ways to improve and edit 	 Using logical thinking to explore software independently, iterating ideas and testing continuously Using search and word processing skills to create a presentation Planning, recording and editing a radio play Creating and editing sound
effects • Developing understanding of different software tools			with others	programs, videos, images etc. • Independently learning how to use 3D design software package TinkerCAD	recordings for a specific purpose • Creating and editing videos, adding multiple elements: music, voiceover, sound, text and transitions to create a video advert • Using design software TinkerCAD to design a product • Creating a website with embedded links and multiple pages

Information Technology Using email and the internet	• Participating in group image searches, led by the teacher	• Searching and downloading images from the internet safely		 Learning to log in and out of an email account Writing an email including a subject, 'to' and 'from' Sending an email with an attachment Replying to an email 		 Developing searching skills to help find relevant information on the internet Learning how to use search engines effectively to find information, focussing on keyword searches and evaluating search returns 	Understanding how search engines work
Information Technology Using data	 Representing data through sorting and categorising objects in unplugged scenarios Representing data through pictograms Exploring branch databases through physical games 	 Introduction to spreadsheets Representing data in tables, charts and pictograms Sorting data and creating branching databases Identifying where digital content can have advantages over paper when storing and manipulating data 	 Collecting and inputting data into a spreadsheet Interpreting data 	 Understanding the vocabulary associated with databases: field, record, data Learning about the pros and cons of digital versus paper databases Sorting and filtering databases to easily retrieve information Creating and interpreting charts and graphs to understand data 	• Designing a weather station which gathers and records sensor data	Understanding how data is collected	 Understanding how barcodes, QR codes and RFID work Gathering and analysing data in real time Creating formulas and sorting data within spreadsheets

Information Technology Wider use of technology		 Recognising common uses of information technology, including beyond school Recognising uses of technology beyond school 	• Learning how computers are used in the wider world	• Understanding the purpose of emails.	• Understanding that software can be used collaboratively online to work as a team	• Learning what a search engine is	 Learning about the Internet of Things and how it has led to 'big data' Learning how 'big data' can be used to solve a problem or improve efficiency
Digital Literacy	 Recognising that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. Learning to log in and log out When using the internet alongside an adult, or independently, learning what to do if they come across something that worries them or makes them feel uncomfortable 	National Curriculum. Pup use technology purposefu store, manipulate and retu- store, manipulate and retu- ent of the store, manipulate and retu- store, manipulate and retu- and saving work on their own account • Understand the importance of a password • When using the internet to search for images, learning what to do if they come across something online that worries them or makes them feel	ully to create, organise,	software (including create a range of p	internet services) on programs, systems and	ught to: select, use and a range of digital device d content that accomplis g and presenting data a • Identifying possible dangers online and learning how to stay safe • Creating an animation about digital safety • Recognising that information on the Internet might not be true or correct and learning ways of checking validity	es to design and shares for the second se
		uncomfortable		• Learning that not all emails are genuine, recognising when an email might be fake and what to do about it		• Learning to use an online community safely	

E safety		National Curriculum. Pup use technology safely an personal information priv go for help and support w concerns about content c internet or other online te	d respectfully, keeping ate; identify where to when they have or contact on the	National Curriculum. Pupils should be taught to: use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.							
		Esafety is integrated into all topics and taught discreetly using CEOP materials									
Topic suggestions	 Exploring hardware All about instructions Programming Bee Bots Sorting and categorising: Introduction to data Using a computer 	•Getting started •Programming Bee-Bots •Algorithms unplugged •Digital imagery •Introduction to data •Rocket to the moon	 What is a computer? Word Processing Programming: Scratch Jnr Algorithms and debugging International Space Station Stop Motion 	•Emailing •Journey inside a computer •Top Trumps databases •Digital Literacy •Programming: Scratch •Networks and the Internet	 Collaborative learning Further coding with Scratch Website design HTML Investigating weather Computational thinking 	•Online safety •Micro:bit •Search engines •Sonic Pi •Mars Rover 1 •Mars Rover 2	 Bletchley Park 1&2 Intro to Python Big Data 1 Big Data 2 Skills Showcase 				